

## Math 218 - Final (Spring 2011)

### **Common Exam - Version A**

- i- You must show your work to receive credit. Correct answers with inconsistent work will receive no credit.
- ii- This is a closed book exam and no calculators are allowed.
- iii- Please turn off your cell phone.
- iv- The exam is out of 100.
- v- There are 7 questions in total. Most questions have several parts to them. Make sure you attempt them all.
- vi- Write your section number (see the table below) on the coloured booklet containing your answers, **as well as** the version of the exam you are solving (A or B). Failure to write any of the above shall result in **10 points** being subtracted from your mark.
- vii- **DO NOT LOOK AT THE QUESTIONS UNTIL TOLD TO DO SO**

| Time                | Instructor       | Section Number |
|---------------------|------------------|----------------|
| TR , 12:30 – 13:45  | Rana Nassif      | 1              |
| TR , 11:00 – 12:15  | Rana Nassif      | 2              |
| MWF , 10:00 – 10:50 | Sara Abu Diab    | 3              |
| MWF , 11:00 – 11:50 | Monique Azar     | 4              |
| MWF , 08:00 – 08:50 | Friedmann Brock  | 5              |
| MWF , 13:00 – 13:50 | Michella Bou Eid | 6              |
| MWF , 14:00 – 14:50 | Michella Bou Eid | 7              |
| MWF , 09:00 – 09:50 | Faleh Taha       | 8              |
| TR , 09:30 – 10:45  | Rana Nassif      | 9              |
| MWF , 12:00 – 12:50 | Monique Azar     | 10             |
| MWF , 14:00 – 14:50 | Tamer Tlas       | 11             |

1. Consider the map  $T : P_2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$  given by the following formula

$$T(p(x)) = \begin{pmatrix} \int_0^1 p(x) dx \\ p(0) \end{pmatrix}$$

Answer the following questions:

- a- (5 points) Is  $T$  a linear transformation?
- b- (6 points) What is the null space of  $T$ ?
- c- (5 points) Is  $T$  one to one? Onto? Invertible?

2. (15 points) Define the inner product on  $P_2$  via  $\langle p, q \rangle = \int_1^2 p(x)q(x)dx$ . Find an orthonormal basis for  $P_2$  starting from its standard one (i.e. starting from  $\{1, x, x^2\}$ )

3. Consider the following matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

- a- (10 points) Find its eigenvalues and the corresponding eigenspaces. State the geometric and algebraic multiplicities of each eigenvalue.
- b- (5 points) Is there a matrix  $P$  which satisfies  $D = P^{-1}AP$  where  $D$  is the diagonal matrix whose entries are the eigenvalues of  $A$ ? If yes, write this matrix down. If no, state the reason why it doesn't exist.

4. (9 points each) Prove the following two facts:

- a- Let  $V$  be a vector space with an inner product, and let  $W$  be a vector subspace of  $V$ . Let  $u$  be a vector in  $V$ . Prove that  $\|\text{proj}_W(u)\| \leq \|u\|$ , where  $\text{proj}_W(u)$  is the projection of  $u$  onto  $W$ .
- b- Let  $V$  be a vector space with an inner product, and let  $W$  be a vector subspace of  $V$ . Prove that  $\{W^\perp\}^\perp = W$ .

5. Consider the following:

a- (6 points) For which values of  $k$  does the following system has exactly one solution?

$$kx + z = 3$$

$$y - z = 2$$

$$z = 1$$

b- (5 points) If  $k = 0$  how many solutions does the system have?

6. (15 points) Find the line which best fits the following data

| x | y |
|---|---|
| 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 2 |
| 0 | 0 |

7. (10 points) Let  $V$  be the subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^3$  spanned by the following collection of vectors

$$\left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \right\}. \text{ Find a basis for } V.$$